



October 28, 2016

NEVPANEL YAPI MADEN URETIM ITH.IHR.SAN. ve TIC.LTD Ms. Elif Sen Bagdat Caddesi Colakoglu Is Merkezi No: 458/22 Maltepe, Cevixli 34836 Maltepe/Istambul **TURKEY**

Project 90732 - GREENGUARD and GREENGUARD Gold Annual Certification Test Subject:

Results

Dear Ms. Elif Sen:

Thank you for choosing UL Environment and its ISO/IEC 17025 accredited testing laboratories for your analytical needs. Please find attached the Year 2 Annual GREENGUARD and GREENGUARD Gold certification test report for your Magnesium Oxide Boards - 01 Test Group. The results for the "NevPanel® Magnesium Oxide Board Insulation and Construction Panel, 20160118-18mm" sample tested are compared to the criteria below:

	Environment	TVOC	Formaldehyde	Total Aldehydes	CREL/TLV
GREENGUARD	Office	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Office	✓	✓	✓	✓
GREENGUARD Gold	Classroom	✓	✓	✓	✓

✓ - meets criteria; X - over criteria

Congratulations! The products included in this test group can be recommended for continued GREENGUARD and GREENGUARD Gold Certification.

Thank you for allowing us to assist you in these efforts. If you have any questions or concerns, please contact your Account Manager at (888) 485-4733. For more technical information about the GREENGUARD program, please visit, www.ul.com/GG.

Sincerely,

Allyson M. McFry

Chemistry Laboratory Director

Attachments: 1) Report No. 90732-05

2) Certification Authorization Form







TESTING LABORATORY	UL Environment	
CATEGORY	GENERAL CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS	
MANUFACTURER INFORMATION	NEVPANEL YAPI MADEN URETIM ITH.IHR.SAN. ve TIC.LTD Ms. Elif Sen Bagdat Caddesi Colakoglu Is Merkezi No: 458/22 Maltepe, Cevixli 34836 Maltepe/Istambul TURKEY	
PRODUCT #		
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION		
TEST GROUP	Construction Panel, 20160118-18mm Magnesium Oxide Boards - 01	
REPORT DATE		
HEI OHI BATE	Year 2	_
	Annual	
TEST TYPE	
IESI IIPE	Quarter	
	Re-Test	
	Re-Test	
	Product Meets Standard Product Exceeds Standard For:	
GREENGUARD	Product Meets Standard Product Exceeds Standard For:	
GREENGUARD GREENGUARD Gold Office	Product Meets Standard Product Exceeds Standard For: Yes	
	Product Meets Standard Product Exceeds Standard For: Yes	
GREENGUARD Gold Office	Product Meets Standard Product Exceeds Standard For: Yes	
GREENGUARD Gold Office	Product Meets Standard Product Exceeds Standard For: Yes Yes Yes	
GREENGUARD Gold Office GREENGUARD Gold Classroom	Product Meets Standard Yes Yes Yes Yes Not Provided	
GREENGUARD Gold Office GREENGUARD Gold Classroom Product Manufacture Date	Product Meets Standard Yes Yes Yes Yes Not Provided September 27, 2016	
GREENGUARD Gold Office GREENGUARD Gold Classroom Product Manufacture Date Product Collection Date Product Shipping Date	Product Meets Standard Yes Yes Yes Not Provided September 27, 2016 September 27, 2016	
GREENGUARD Gold Office GREENGUARD Gold Classroom Product Manufacture Date Product Collection Date	Product Meets Standard Yes Yes Yes Yes Not Provided September 27, 2016 September 27, 2016 October 28, 2016	

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GREENGUARD CERTIFICATION TEST

for

NEVPANEL YAPI MADEN URETIM ITH.IHR.SAN. VE TIC.LTD

Certification Category: GENERAL CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS

Test Group: Magnesium Oxide Boards - 01

Test Product Description: NevPanel® Magnesium Oxide Board

Insulation and Construction Panel,

20160118-18mm

Report prepared for use in GREENGUARD Certification program, its standard and method. This report cannot be reproduced, except in its entirety, without written consent of UL Environment.

UL Environment 2211 Newmarket Parkway, Marietta, GA 30067-9399 USA T: 888.485.4733 / F: 770.980.0072 / W: UL.com/environment

An ISO/IEC 17025 Accredited IAQ Firm
This test is accredited under the laboratory's ISO/IEC 17025
accreditation issued by ANSI-ASQ National Accreditation
Board. Refer to certificate and scope of accreditation AT-1297.





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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Furnanting Comments	Page Number
Executive Summary Project Description Results	1 1
Product Evaluation Methodologies	
Environmental Chamber	2 2
Analytical Measurements	3
Quality Control Procedures for Environmental Chamber Evaluations	5
Table 1	
Environmental Chamber Study Parameters	7
Table 2	
Summary of TVOC Emission Factors and Predicted Air Concentrations	8
Table 3	
Summary of Formaldehyde Emission Factors and Predicted Air Concentrations	9
Table 4	
Summary of Total Aldehyde Emission Factors and Predicted Air Concentrations	10
Table 5	
Chamber Concentrations of Identified Individual Volatile Organic Compounds	11
Table 6	
Emission Factors of Identified Individual Volatile Organic Compounds	13
Table 7	
Chamber Concentrations of Identified Individual Aldehydes	15
Table 8	
Emission Factors of Identified Individual Aldehydes	16
References	17
APPENDIX 1 – Chain of Custody	
APPENDIX 2 – Photograph of Sample	
APPENDIX 3 – Supplemental Emissions Information	
APPENDIX 4 – Test Results for GREENGUARD Gold	





Released by UL Environment October 28, 2016 Date Prepared: 90732-A0050AA Product #: 90732-05 Report #: ©2016 UL LLC

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

UL Environment is pleased to present the certification test results of the General Construction Materials product identified as "NevPanel® Magnesium Oxide Board Insulation and Construction Panel, 20160118-18mm" representing NEVPANEL YAPI MADEN URETIM ITH.IHR.SAN. ve TIC.LTD's Magnesium Oxide Boards - 01 test group. This study was conducted using a UL Environment's GREENGUARD test method (1) following the requirements of GREENGUARD Certification program, ASTM Standard D 5116, and the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) (2, 3). Testing of the product was conducted using standard environmental chamber operating conditions as presented in Table 1. The product to be tested was delivered to UL Environment by the manufacturer as presented in the Chain of Custody description in Appendix 1. A picture of the sample is provided in Appendix 2.

The product was monitored for emissions of total volatile organic compounds (TVOC), formaldehyde, total aldehydes, and other individual volatile organic compounds (VOCs) over a 168 hour exposure period. These emissions were measured and the resultant air concentrations were determined for each of the potential pollutants. Determination of compliance is based on predicted air concentrations modeled using the office loading and ventilation conditions referenced in CDPH/EHLB/Standard Method V1.1 method (4). Product loading is based on a standard wall usage (33.4 m²) in a 30.6 m³ room.

RESULTS

Emissions data and expected air concentrations are given in Tables 2-4, detected individual volatile organic compounds are listed in Tables 5 and 6 as measured chamber concentrations and emission factors. Individual aldehydes are listed in Tables 7 and 8 as measured chamber concentrations and emission factors. Appendix 3 presents supplemental emissions information on individual VOCs, which may be requested by certain purchasing programs. Results for the GREENGUARD Gold Certification program are included as Appendix 4.

The results for the tested product identified as "NevPanel® Magnesium Oxide Board Insulation and Construction Panel, 20160118-18mm" are shown below:

	GUARD IAQ Criteria	168 Hour Product Measurement	Product Compliance for IAQ
TVOCª	≤ 0.5 mg/m³	0.086 mg/m ³	Yes
Formaldehyde	≤ 0.05 ppm	< 0.003 ppm	Yes
Total Aldehydes ^b	≤ 0.1 ppm	0.013 ppm	Yes
Individual VOCs ^c	ual VOCs ^c all ≤ 1/10 TLV		Yes

a "TVOC" is the sum of all VOCs measured via TD/GC/MS which elute between n-hexane (C6) and n-hexadecane (C16) quantified using calibration to a toluene surrogate.



Page 1 of 17

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^b "Total Aldehydes" is the sum of all measured normal aldehydes from formaldehyde to nonanal, plus benzaldehyde. Heptanal through nonanal are analyzed using TD/GC/MS. The remaining aldehydes are analyzed using HPLC/UV methodology. All aldehydes are quantified to authentic standards.

c All individual VOCs detected met the criteria of less than 1/10 the ACGIH established threshold limit values (TLVs) (ref. 13).



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PRODUCT EVALUATION METHODOLOGIES

ENVIRONMENTAL CHAMBER

The product was tested in an environmental chamber 0.0850 m³ in volume, and chemical emissions were analytically measured. Environmental chamber operation and control measures used in this study complied with GREENGUARD Method and Laboratory Quality Requirements and ASTM Standard D 5116. The chamber used is manufactured from stainless steel and/or aluminum to minimize contaminant adsorption. Air flow through the chamber enters and exits through an aerodynamically designed air distribution manifold also manufactured of stainless steel. Supply air to the chamber is stripped of formaldehyde, VOCs, and other contaminants, so that any contaminant backgrounds present in the empty chamber fall below strict levels (<10 μg/m³ TVOC, <10 μg/m³ total particles, <2 μg/m³ formaldehyde, <2 μg/m³ for any individual VOC). UL Environment chambers are process controlled and are equipped with a continuous data acquisition system for verification of the operating conditions of air flow, temperature, and humidity.

Air supply to the chamber was maintained at a temperature of 23°C ± 2°C and relative humidity at 50% ± 5%. The air exchange rate was 1.00 ± 0.05 air change/hour (ACH). Environmental chamber study parameters are presented in Table 1.

ANALYTICAL MEASUREMENTS

Target List Aldehydes by HPLC/UV

Emissions of selected low molecular weight aldehydes including formaldehyde were measured following ASTM D 5197 and USEPA Method TO-11A, measurement by HPLC, or high performance liquid chromatography (5, 6). Solid sorbent cartridges with 2,4dinitrophenylhydrazine (DNPH) were used to collect formaldehyde and other low-molecular weight carbonyl compounds in chamber air. The DNPH reagent in the cartridge reacted with collected carbonyl compounds to form the stable hydrazone derivatives retained by the cartridge.

The hydrazone derivatives were eluted from a cartridge with HPLC-grade acetonitrile. An aliquot of the sample was analyzed for low-molecular weight aldehyde hydrazone derivatives using reverse-phase high-performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) with UV detection. The absorbances of the derivatives were measured at 360 nm. The mass responses of the resulting peaks were determined using multi-point calibration curves prepared from standard solutions of the hydrazone derivatives. Measurements are reported to a quantifiable level of 0.1 μ g based on a standard air volume collection of 45 L.

Volatile Organic Compounds by TD/GC/MS

VOC measurements were made using gas chromatography with mass spectrometric detection (GC/MS). Chamber air was collected onto a solid sorbent which was then thermally desorbed into the GC/MS. Instrumentation included a sample concentrator (Perkin Elmer Model TurboMatrix ATD or TurboMatrix 650), a Hewlett-Packard/Agilent 6890 or 7890 Series Gas Chromatograph and a Hewlett-Packard/Agilent 5973 or 5975 Mass Selective Detector (GC/MS). The sorbent collection technique, separation, and detection analysis methodology has been adapted from techniques presented by the USEPA and other researchers. The technique

Page 2 of 17



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Date Prepared: October 28, 2016
Product #: 90732-A0050AA
Report #: 90732-05

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follows USEPA Compendium Method TO-17 and ASTM D 6196 and is generally applicable to C_6 - C_{16} organic chemicals with boiling points ranging from 35°C to 250°C (6-10). Measurements are reported to a quantifiable level of 0.04 μg based on a standard air volume collection of 18 L.

Individual VOCs were separated and detected by GC/MS. The TVOC measurements were made by adding all individual VOC responses obtained by the mass spectrometer and calibrating the total mass relative to toluene. Individual VOCs were identified using UL Environment's specialized indoor air mass spectral database and quantitated using multipoint calibration standards, if available. Other compounds were identified with less certainty using a general mass spectral library available from the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). Calibration is typically based on toluene equivalent unless an authentic standard is available. This library contains mass spectral characteristics of more than 75,000 compounds as made available from NIST, the USEPA and the National Institutes of Health (NIH). A match is first sought in the UL Environment's database, which includes data for the gas chromatographic retention time of the compound in addition to the mass spectrum. This additional information, along with the use of spectra generated on UL Environment equipment, makes confidence in identifications made from the UL Environment database higher than in identifications made using only the NIST/USEPA/NIH mass spectral library.

If data are to be used in determining compliance to the GREENGUARD Gold standard, all individual VOCs of concern are quantified using multipoint calibration to authentic standards as detailed in CDPH/EHLB/Standard Method V1.1.

AIR CONCENTRATION DETERMINATIONS

Emission rates of formaldehyde, total aldehydes, and TVOC were used in a computer model to determine potential air concentrations of the pollutants. The computer model used the measured emission rate changes over the one-week time period to determine the change in air concentrations that would accordingly occur.

The emission factor can be modeled according to a first-order decay:

$$EF_m = EF_0e^{-kt}$$

where,

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mathsf{EF_m} &=& \mathsf{modeled\ emission\ factor\ } (\mu \mathsf{g/m^2 \cdot hr})\ \mathsf{or\ } (\mu \mathsf{g/unit \cdot hr}) \\ \mathsf{EF_0} &=& \mathsf{initial\ emission\ factor\ } (\mu \mathsf{g/m^2 \cdot hr})\ \mathsf{or\ } (\mu \mathsf{g/unit \cdot hr}) \end{array}$

k = rate constant (hr⁻¹)

t = time (hr)

or a power law decay: $EF_m = EF_0 t^{-k}$

where,

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mathsf{EF_m} & = & \mathsf{modeled\ emission\ factor\ } (\mu \mathsf{g/m^2 \cdot hr})\ \mathsf{or\ } (\mu \mathsf{g/unit \cdot hr}) \\ \mathsf{EF_0} & = & \mathsf{initial\ emission\ factor\ } (\mu \mathsf{g/m^2 \cdot hr})\ \mathsf{or\ } (\mu \mathsf{g/unit \cdot hr}) \end{array}$

 $k = rate constant (hr^{-1})$

t = time (hr).

Regression analysis was used to determine the model that best fits the data. The use of least squares fitting, a mathematical procedure for finding the best-fitting curve to a given set of

Page 3 of 17





Released by UL Environment
Date Prepared: October 28, 2016
Product #: 90732-A0050AA
Report #: 90732-05
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points by minimizing the sum of the squares of the offsets of the points from the curve, dictates the appropriate model for the given product.

The model measurements were made with the following assumptions: air within open office areas of the building is well-mixed at the breathing level zone of the occupied space; environmental conditions are maintained at 50% relative humidity and 23°C (73°F); there are no additional sources of these pollutants; and there are no sinks or potential re-emitting sources within the space for these pollutants.

The constant emission factor (as determined at 168 hour) is used to determine compliance with the GREENGUARD Criteria by calculating an exposure concentration. The predicted exposure concentrations $(C_{P,t})$ $(\mu g/m^3)$ are calculated from the modeled emission factors as:

$$C_{P,t} = EF_{m,t} \left(\frac{A}{V}\right) \left(\frac{1}{N}\right)$$

where,

 $C_{P,t}$ = predicted exposure concentration at time t (μ g/m³)

 $EF_{m,t}$ = modeled emission factor at time t (μ g/m²·hr) or (μ g/unit·hr) A = product area exposed in room (m² or unit) = 33.4 m²

 $V = room volume (m^3) = 30.6 m^3$

N = room air change per hour $(hr^{-1}) = 0.68 hr^{-1}$

If data are to be used in determining compliance to the GREENGUARD Gold standard, the 168 hour data are modeled according to UL 2818, "GREENGUARD Certification Program for Chemical Emissions for Building Materials, Finishes and Furnishings" (11). Data results are presented in a supplemental GREENGUARD Gold report based on the VOC emissions in this test report.





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Date Prepared: October 28, 2016
Product #: 90732-A0050AA
Report #: 90732-05
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QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL CHAMBER EVALUATIONS

UL Environment's IAQ testing laboratories are ISO/IEC 17025 accredited with defined and executed internal and third party verification programs encompassing emission test methods and low level pollutant measurements. UL Environment's quality control/assurance plan is designed to ensure the integrity of the measured and reported data obtained during its product evaluation studies. This QC program encompasses all facets of the measurement program from sample receipt to final review and issuance of reports. As a firm with ISO/IEC 17025 accredited IAQ testing laboratories, UL Environment's product control, testing, data handling, and reporting protocols and procedures are standardized and controlled. UL Environment participates in proficiency and accreditation measurement programs for VOC and emission testing as required by the State of California, Germany Ministry of Health's Blue Angel Program, LGC Standards Air Proficiency Testing Scheme, and GREENGUARD Certification programs. Quality Assurance is maintained through UL Environment's computerized data management system. An electronic "paper trail" for each analysis is also maintained and utilized to track the status of each sample, and to store the results. A complete quality report can be provided upon request and all test data and analysis procedures are available on site for customer review.

Chamber Evaluations

One of the most critical parameters in UL Environment's product evaluations is the measurement of ultratrace levels of gaseous chemicals, typically in the ppb air concentration range. This necessitates a very rigidly maintained effort to control background contributions and contamination. These contributions must be significantly less than those levels being measured for statistically significant data to be obtained. UL Environment addresses this control in many directions including chamber construction materials, air purification and humidification, sampling materials and chemicals, sample introduction, and analysis.

Supply air purity is monitored on a weekly basis, using identical methodology to the chamber testing. The supply air is assured to contain less than 10 $\mu g/m^3$ TVOC, < 10 $\mu g/m^3$ total particles, < 2 $\mu g/m^3$ formaldehyde, and < 2 $\mu g/m^3$ for any individual VOC. Preventative maintenance ensures supply air purity, and corrective action is taken when any potential problems are noted in weekly samples. Supply air filter maintenance is critical for ensuring the purity of the chamber supply air. Chamber background samples are obtained prior to product exposure to ensure contaminant backgrounds meet the required specifications prior to product exposure. Results of this monitoring are maintained at UL Environment and available for on-site inspection.

All environmental chamber procedures are in accordance with ASTM D 5116 and D 6670 (12), and the GREENGUARD test method is strictly followed so that all data quality objectives are met.

Various measures are routinely implemented in a product's evaluation program. These include but are not limited to:

appropriate record keeping of sample identifications and tracking throughout the study;

calibration of all instrumentation and equipment used in the collection and analysis of samples;

Page 5 of 17





Released by UL Environment

Date Prepared: October 28, 2016

Product #: 90732-A0050AA

Report #: 90732-05

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validation and tracking of all chamber parameters including air purification, environmental controls, air change rate, chamber mixing, air velocities, and sample recovery;

analysis of spiked samples for accuracy determinations;

duplicate analyses of 10% of all samples evaluated and analyzed;

multi-point calibration and linear regression of all standardization;

analysis of controls including chamber backgrounds, sampling media, and instrumental systems.

VOC and Aldehyde Measurements

Precision of TVOC and aldehyde analyses is assessed by the relative standard deviation (%RSD) from duplicate samples, defined as the standard deviation of each data set divided by the mean multiplied by 100. VOC accuracy is based on recovery of toluene mass spiked onto sorbent material. QC data on TVOC measurements conducted for the 12 month period ending September 30, 2016, showed an average precision measurement of 5.8% RSD based on duplicate measurements and 100.8% recovery based on toluene spikes. Aldehyde accuracy is based on LGC Standards formaldehyde proficiency test results. QC data on total aldehyde measurements (including formaldehyde) for the 12 month period ending September 30, 2016, showed an average precision measurement of 3.1% RSD based on duplicate measurements and an average accuracy of 3.9% RPD based on LGC Standard results. Third party proficiency and round robin testing for low level VOCs for national and international programs are continuously conducted and reported in UL Environment's quarterly Quality Assurance Report, available to all customers.



Page 6 of 17



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TABLE 1

ENVIRONMENTAL CHAMBER STUDY PARAMETERS NEVPANEL YAPI MADEN URETIM ITH.IHR.SAN. VE TIC.LTD PRODUCT 90732-A0050AA

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS; MAGNESIUM **Product Description:**

OXIDE BOARDS - 01; NevPanel® Magnesium Oxide Board

Insulation and Construction Panel, 20160118-18mm

(one-sided area = 0.0792 m^2)

Product Documentation Sheet with photograph

(Appendices 1 and 2)

Product Loading: 0.93 m²/m³

Test Conditions: 1.0 ± 0.05 ACH

50 % RH ± 5% RH

23 °C ± 2°C

Test Period: 10/17/2016 - 10/24/2016

Pollutant Emissions Evaluated: Total Volatile Organic Compounds

Individual Volatile Organic Compounds

Formaldehyde Target List Aldehydes

Test Description: The product was received by UL Environment on 10/05/16

as packaged and shipped by the customer. The package was visually inspected and stored in a controlled environment immediately following sample check-in. Just prior to loading, the product was unpackaged and prepared for the required loading to expose the top surface only. The sample was placed inside the environmental chamber, and

tested according to the specified protocol.

Environmental chamber test following ASTM D 5116 in a 0.09 \pm 0.007 m³ chamber.

Page 7 of 17





TABLE 2

SUMMARY OF TVOC CHAMBER CONCENTRATIONS, **EMISSION FACTORS AND PREDICTED AIR CONCENTRATIONS**

PRODUCT 90732-A0050AA; GENERAL CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS; MAGNESIUM OXIDE BOARDS - 01; NEVPANEL® MAGNESIUM OXIDE **BOARD INSULATION AND CONSTRUCTION PANEL, 20160118-18MM**

ELAPSED EXPOSURE HOUR*	CHAMBER CONCENTRATION µg/m³	EMISSION FACTOR μg/m²•hr	PREDICTED AIR CONCENTRATION** µg/m³
0 (Background)	BQL	BQL	
6	371	398	639
24	194	208	328
48	106	114	203
72	101	109	154
96	81.1	87.3	126
168	50.8	54.7	86

Power Law Decay Constant = $k_T = 0.690$

BQL = Below quantifiable level of 0.04 μ g based on a standard 18 L air collection volume.



^{*}Exposure hours are nominal (± 1 hour).
**Prediction based on a standard wall usage of 33.4 m² in a 30.6 m³ room with 0.68 ACH. This room model is based on CDPH/EHLB/Standard Method V1.1.



TABLE 3

SUMMARY OF FORMALDEHYDE CHAMBER CONCENTRATIONS, **EMISSION FACTORS AND PREDICTED AIR CONCENTRATIONS**

PRODUCT 90732-A0050AA; GENERAL CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS; MAGNESIUM OXIDE BOARDS - 01; NEVPANEL® MAGNESIUM OXIDE **BOARD INSULATION AND CONSTRUCTION PANEL, 20160118-18MM**

ELAPSED EXPOSURE	CHAMBER CONCENTRATION	EMISSION FACTOR		CTED AIR NTRATION**
HOUR*	μg/m³	μg/m²•hr	μg/m³	ppm
0 (Background)	BQL	BQL		
6	2.3	2.5	4	0.003
24	BQL	BQL	< 3	< 0.003
48	BQL	BQL	< 3	< 0.003
72	BQL	BQL	< 3	< 0.003
96	BQL	BQL	< 3	< 0.003
168	BQL	BQL	< 3	< 0.003



^{*}Exposure hours are nominal (± 1 hour).

**Prediction based on a standard wall usage of 33.4 m² in a 30.6 m³ room with 0.68 ACH. This room model is based on CDPH/EHLB/Standard Method V1.1.

BQL = Below quantifiable level of 0.1 μ g based on a standard 45 L air collection volume.



TABLE 4

SUMMARY OF TOTAL ALDEHYDE CHAMBER CONCENTRATIONS, **EMISSION FACTORS AND PREDICTED AIR CONCENTRATIONS**

PRODUCT 90732-A0050AA; GENERAL CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS; MAGNESIUM OXIDE BOARDS - 01; NEVPANEL® MAGNESIUM OXIDE **BOARD INSULATION AND CONSTRUCTION PANEL, 20160118-18MM**

ELAPSED EXPOSURE	CHAMBER CONCENTRATION	EMISSION FACTOR		CTED AIR ITRATION**
HOUR*	μg/m³	μg/m²∙hr	μg/m³	ppm
0 (Background)	BQL	BQL		
6	130	140	224	0.066
24	71.8	77.1	123	0.032
48	50.2	53.8	88	0.023
72	41.1	44.1	73	0.019
96	38.1	41.0	63	0.019
168	28.7	30.8	49	0.013

Power Law Decay Constant = $k_A = 0.475$



^{*}Exposure hours are nominal (± 1 hour).

**Prediction based on a standard wall usage of 33.4 m² in a 30.6 m³ room with 0.68 ACH. This room model is based on CDPH/EHLB/Standard Method V1.1.

BQL = Below quantifiable level of 0.1 μg based on a standard 45 L air collection volume.



TABLE 5

CHAMBER CONCENTRATIONS OF IDENTIFIED INDIVIDUAL **VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS** $(\mu g/m^3)$

PRODUCT 90732-A0050AA; GENERAL CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS; MAGNESIUM OXIDE BOARDS - 01; NEVPANEL® MAGNESIUM OXIDE **BOARD INSULATION AND CONSTRUCTION PANEL, 20160118-18MM**

CAS	COMPOUND IDENTIFIED		EL	APSED	EXPOS	SURE HOUR			
NUMBER	COMPOUND IDENTIFIED	0 (BG)	6	24	48	72	96	168	
100-52-7	Benzaldehyde	BQL	32.3	20.6	17.4	13.9	12.1	8.5	
475-20-7	Longifolene	BQL	23.6	14.4	8.4	8.9	7.6	5.1	
108-88-3	Toluene (Methylbenzene) [†]	BQL	20.5	3.5					
30021-74-0	Naphthalene, 1,2,3,4,4a,5,6,8a- octahydro-7-methyl-4-methylene-1-(1- methylethyl)-, (1α,4aα,8aα)*	BQL	18.9	12.5	7.9	8.0	7.5	5.2	
562-74-3	3-Cyclohexen-1-ol, 4-methyl-1-(1-methylethyl)*	BQL	16.8	11.0	8.8	7.0	6.3	2.2	
66-25-1	Hexanal	BQL	14.8	9.3	6.9	5.5	4.9	4.0	
150320-52-8	Bicyclo[4.4.0]dec-1-ene, 2-isopropyl-5-methyl-9-methylene-*	BQL	13.9	9.8	6.2	6.7	6.3	4.5	
1196-01-6	Bicyclo[3.1.1]hept-3-en-2-one, 4,6,6- trimethyl-, (1S)-*	BQL	12.4	6.9	5.1	4.0	3.8	2.4	
31983-22-9	Naphthalene, 1,2,4a,5,6,8a- hexahydro-4,7-dimethyl-1-(1- methylethyl)-, (1α,4aα,8aα)-*	BQL	12.4	8.0	3.9	5.5	5.2		
98-55-5	3-Cyclohexene-1-methanol, $\alpha, \alpha, 4$ -trimethyl	BQL	12.1	8.0	6.6	5.5	4.9	3.7	
464-49-3	Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one, 1,7,7-trimethyl-, (1R)*	BQL	12.0	6.4	4.7	3.9	3.4	2.5	
80-56-8	Pinene, α (2,6,6-Trimethylbicyclo[3.1.1]hept-2-ene)	BQL	11.1	5.7	3.4	2.5	2.1	2.3	
16538-89-9	Cyclooctane, (1-methylpropyl)*	BQL	9.0	7.7	6.1	4.5	3.5		
5989-27-5	D-Limonene	BQL	7.8	5.4	3.9	3.0	2.4		
629-59-4	Tetradecane	BQL	7.4	5.0	2.8	3.0	2.6		
629-62-9	Pentadecane	BQL	6.5	4.7	2.7	3.6	3.4	2.3	
124-18-5	Decane [†]	BQL	6.2	4.1	3.0	2.1			
3856-25-5	Copaene*	BQL	5.7	3.5					
22531-20-0	Naphthalene, 6-ethyl-1,2,3,4- tetrahydro-*	BQL	5.4	2.5					
934-80-5	Benzene, 4-ethyl-1,2-dimethyl	BQL	5.1	3.3	2.3	2.0			
1195-79-5	Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one, 1,3,3-	BQL	4.9	2.7	2.0				

Page 11 of 17





Released by UL Environment

Date Prepared: October 28, 2016

Product #: 90732-A0050AA

Report #: 90732-05

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CAS	COMPOUND IDENTIFIED	ELAPSED EXPOSURE HOUR							
NUMBER		0 (BG)	6	24	48	72	96	168	
	trimethyl*								
2809-64-5	Naphthalene, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-5- methyl*	BQL	4.6	2.3					
1193-18-6	2-Cyclohexen-1-one, 3-methyl-*	BQL	4.1	2.5					
629-50-5	Tridecane	BQL	3.7						
124-13-0	Octanal [†]	BQL	3.6	2.5					
110-62-3	Pentanal	BQL	3.6						
1632-73-1	Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-ol, 1,3,3- trimethyl*	BQL	3.5						
124-19-6	Nonyl aldehyde (Nonanal) [†]	BQL	3.3	2.0					
483-77-2	Naphthalene, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,6-dimethyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-, (1S-cis)*	BQL	3.2	2.2					
541-02-6	Cyclopentasiloxane, decamethyl	BQL	3.1						
71-41-0	1-Pentanol (N-Pentyl alcohol)	BQL	3.0						
14912-44-8	Ylangene*	BQL	3.0						
7239-23-8	3-Dodecene, (Z)-*	BQL	2.7						
30316-36-0	Naphthalene, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,6,8-trimethyl*	BQL	2.7						
22469-52-9	1,2,4-Metheno-1H-indene, octahydro- 1,7a-dimethyl-5-(1-methylethyl)-, [1S- (1α,2α,3aβ,4α,5α,7aβ,8S*]-*	BQL	2.6						
98-51-1	Toluene, 4-t-butyl (Benzene,1-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl)	BQL	2.6						
564-94-3	Bicyclo[3.1.1]hept-2-ene-2- carboxaldehyde, 6,6-dimethyl*	BQL	2.4						
4630-07-3	Naphthalene, 1,2,3,5,6,7,8,8a- octahydro-1,8a-dimethyl-7-(1- methylethenyl)-, $[1R-(1\alpha,7\beta,8a\alpha)]^{-*}$	BQL	2.3						
197390-29-7	Cyclopentene, 1,2,3,3,4-pentamethyl-*	BQL	2.0						

^{*}Indicates NIST/EPA/NIH best library match only based on retention time and mass spectral characteristics † Denotes quantified using multipoint authentic standard curve. Other VOCs quantified relative to toluene. BQL = Below quantifiable level of 2.0 μ g/m³.





TABLE 6

EMISSION FACTORS OF IDENTIFIED INDIVIDUAL VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (µg/m²∙hr)

PRODUCT 90732-A0050AA; GENERAL CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS; MAGNESIUM OXIDE BOARDS - 01; NEVPANEL® MAGNESIUM OXIDE **BOARD INSULATION AND CONSTRUCTION PANEL, 20160118-18MM**

CAS		ELAPSED EXPOSURE HOUR					
NUMBER	COMPOUND IDENTIFIED		24	48	72	96	168
100-52-7	Benzaldehyde	34.7	22.1	18.7	14.9	13.0	9.1
475-20-7	Longifolene	25.3	15.5	9.0	9.6	8.2	5.5
108-88-3	Toluene (Methylbenzene) [†]	22.0	3.8				
30021-74-0	Naphthalene, 1,2,3,4,4a,5,6,8a-octahydro-7-methyl-4-methylene-1-(1-methylethyl)-, $(1\alpha,4a\alpha,8a\alpha)^*$	20.3	13.4	8.5	8.6	8.0	5.6
562-74-3	3-Cyclohexen-1-ol, 4-methyl-1-(1-methylethyl)*	18.0	11.8	9.4	7.5	6.8	2.4
66-25-1	Hexanal	15.9	10.0	7.4	5.9	5.3	4.3
150320-52-8	Bicyclo[4.4.0]dec-1-ene, 2-isopropyl-5-methyl-9-methylene-*	14.9	10.5	6.7	7.2	6.8	4.8
1196-01-6	Bicyclo[3.1.1]hept-3-en-2-one, 4,6,6- trimethyl-, (1S)-*	13.3	7.4	5.5	4.3	4.1	2.6
31983-22-9	Naphthalene, 1,2,4a,5,6,8a-hexahydro-4,7-dimethyl-1-(1-methylethyl)-, $(1\alpha,4a\alpha,8a\alpha)$ -*	13.3	8.6	4.2	5.9	5.6	
98-55-5	3-Cyclohexene-1-methanol, α , α ,4-trimethyl	13.0	8.6	7.1	5.9	5.3	4.0
464-49-3	Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one, 1,7,7- trimethyl-, (1R)*	12.9	6.9	5.0	4.2	3.6	2.7
80-56-8	Pinene, α (2,6,6-Trimethylbicyclo[3.1.1]hept-2-ene)	11.9	6.1	3.6	2.7	2.3	2.5
16538-89-9	Cyclooctane, (1-methylpropyl)*	9.7	8.3	6.5	4.8	3.8	
5989-27-5	D-Limonene	8.4	5.8	4.2	3.2	2.6	
629-59-4	Tetradecane	7.9	5.4	3.0	3.2	2.8	
629-62-9	Pentadecane	7.0	5.0	2.9	3.9	3.6	2.5
124-18-5	Decane [†]	6.7	4.4	3.2	2.3		
3856-25-5	Copaene*	6.1	3.8				
22531-20-0	Naphthalene, 6-ethyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-*	5.8	2.7				
934-80-5	Benzene, 4-ethyl-1,2-dimethyl	5.5	3.5	2.5	2.1		
1195-79-5	Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one, 1,3,3- trimethyl*	5.3	2.9	2.1			
2809-64-5	Naphthalene, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-5-methyl*	4.9	2.5				
1193-18-6	2-Cyclohexen-1-one, 3-methyl-*	4.4	2.7				
629-50-5	Tridecane	4.0					

Page 13 of 17





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Date Prepared: October 28, 2016

Product #: 90732-A0050AA

Report #: 90732-05

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CAS			ELAPS	ED EXF	POSURI	HOUR	
NUMBER	COMPOUND IDENTIFIED	6	24	48	72	96	168
124-13-0	Octanal [†]	3.9	2.7				
110-62-3	Pentanal	3.9					
1632-73-1	Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-ol, 1,3,3-trimethyl*	3.8					
124-19-6	Nonyl aldehyde (Nonanal) [†]	3.5	2.1				
483-77-2	Naphthalene, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,6-dimethyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-, (1S-cis)*	3.4	2.4				
541-02-6	Cyclopentasiloxane, decamethyl	3.3					
71-41-0	1-Pentanol (N-Pentyl alcohol)	3.2					
14912-44-8	Ylangene*	3.2					
7239-23-8	3-Dodecene, (Z)-*	2.9					
30316-36-0	Naphthalene, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,6,8-trimethyl*	2.9					
22469-52-9	1,2,4-Metheno-1H-indene, octahydro- 1,7a-dimethyl-5-(1-methylethyl)-, [1S- (1α,2α,3aβ,4α,5α,7aβ,8S*]-*	2.8					
98-51-1	Toluene, 4-t-butyl (Benzene,1-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl)	2.8					
564-94-3	Bicyclo[3.1.1]hept-2-ene-2- carboxaldehyde, 6,6-dimethyl*	2.6					
4630-07-3	Naphthalene, 1,2,3,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-1,8a-dimethyl-7-(1-methylethenyl)-, [1R- $(1\alpha,7\beta,8a\alpha)$]-*	2.5					
197390-29-7	Cyclopentene, 1,2,3,3,4-pentamethyl-*	2.1					

^{*}Indicates NIST/EPA/NIH best library match only based on retention time and mass spectral characteristics.

†Denotes quantified using multipoint authentic standard curve. Other VOCs quantified relative to toluene.

Quantifiable level is 0.04 µg based on a standard 18 L air collection volume.





TABLE 7

CHAMBER CONCENTRATIONS OF INDIVIDUAL ALDEHYDES $(\mu g/m^3)$

PRODUCT 90732-A0050AA; GENERAL CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS; MAGNESIUM OXIDE BOARDS - 01; NEVPANEL® MAGNESIUM OXIDE **BOARD INSULATION AND CONSTRUCTION PANEL, 20160118-18MM**

CAS		ELAPSED EXPOSURE HOUR						
NUMBER	COMPOUND IDENTIFIED	0 (BG)	6	24	48	72	96	168
4170-30-3	2-Butenal	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL
75-07-0	Acetaldehyde	BQL	17.5	5.1	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.7
100-52-7	Benzaldehyde	BQL	51.6	33.7	26.6	23.1	21.7	14.9
5779-94-2	Benzaldehyde, 2,5-dimethyl	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL
529-20-4	Benzaldehyde, 2-methyl	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL
620-23-5 /104-87-0	Benzaldehyde, 3- and/or 4-methyl	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL
123-72-8	Butanal	BQL	3.1	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL
590-86-3	Butanal, 3-methyl	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	BQL	2.3	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL
66-25-1	Hexanal	BQL	35.1	23.1	16.9	14.0	12.5	10.1
110-62-3	Pentanal	BQL	13.4	5.4	2.6	BQL	BQL	BQL
123-38-6	Propanal	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL

BQL = Below quantifiable level of 2.0 μ g/m³.





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Report #: 90732-05
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TABLE 8

EMISSION FACTORS OF INDIVIDUAL ALDEHYDES (μg/m²·hr)

PRODUCT 90732-A0050AA; GENERAL CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS; MAGNESIUM OXIDE BOARDS - 01; NEVPANEL® MAGNESIUM OXIDE BOARD INSULATION AND CONSTRUCTION PANEL, 20160118-18MM

CAS	COMPOUND IDENTIFIED	ELAPSED EXPOSURE HOUR						
NUMBER		6	24	48	72	96	168	
4170-30-3	2-Butenal	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	
75-07-0	Acetaldehyde	18.8	5.5	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.0	
100-52-7	Benzaldehyde	55.4	36.2	28.5	24.8	23.3	16.0	
5779-94-2	Benzaldehyde, 2,5-dimethyl	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	
529-20-4	Benzaldehyde, 2-methyl	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	
620-23-5 /104-87-0	Benzaldehyde, 3- and/or 4-methyl	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	
123-72-8	Butanal	3.3	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	
590-86-3	Butanal, 3-methyl	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	2.5	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	
66-25-1	Hexanal	37.7	24.8	18.1	15.0	13.4	10.8	
110-62-3	Pentanal	14.4	5.8	2.8	BQL	BQL	BQL	
123-38-6	Propanal	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	BQL	

BQL = Below quantifiable level of 0.1 μg based on a standard 45 L air collection volume.





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REFERENCES

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Page 17 of 17



Released by UL Environment October 28, 2016 Date Prepared: 90732-A0050AA Product #: Report #: 90732-05 ©2016 UL LLC SMBCM **APPENDIX 1 CHAIN OF CUSTODY** HCT 11478105 UL Environment 2211 Newmarket Parkway, Suite 106 Marietta, GA 30067-9399 USA T:888.485.4733/F:770.980 0072 W:UL.com/environment **Chain Of Custody** For UL GREENGUARD Certification **Programs** Laboratory Use Only Receipt # BEHAMPHETE THE PARTY OF THE Reference Project # Confirm with Laboratory Contact prior to submitting product Product # Rush Task Line **UL Business Unit** Order# est Information Annual Certification Test: Year 2 GREENGUARD ET GREENGUARD GOLD Quarterly Test: Year Quarter GREENGUARD 🗌 GREENGUARD GOLD 🗌 ☐ Profile Study Test ☐ Out-of-Scope Test Product Category <<PRODUCTCATEGORY>> Subcategory <<SUBCATEGORY>> Test Group Sealers - 01 Application: □Wali ☐Floor/Ceiling ☐Work Surface Panel Other: For Wet Products Only: Density Specific Gravity: Product and Company Information Product Description/ Name Tinoseal Tinted Sealer Low VOC 23800 Manufacture ID# 1424719 Manufacture Company Submitting Contact Name Raya Saab Tinol Paints International Co. sal Job Title Contact Phone Address Contact Email ravasaab@tinol.com Collection Information Collector Name Collector Phone Collector Signature Time Collected Collection Location hipping Information Carrier *Date Shipped Shipper Name Shipper Phone Time Shipped Air Bill # Post Testing Information (Must be Completed) Discard sample(s) after testing Return Samples (information must be provided below for sample return) Shipper Acct # Return Shipper Laboratory Use Only - Receiving Information Receive Date Receive Time Sample Condition Sample/ Package ondition Upon Arrival Notes Receiver Signature Program Testing 08/24/2016 **UL Environment** Based On Completed By Schedule





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Product #: 90732-A0050AA

Report #: 90732-05

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APPENDIX 2

PHOTOGRAPH OF SAMPLE

PRODUCT 90732-A0050AA; GENERAL CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS; MAGNESIUM OXIDE BOARDS - 01; NEVPANEL® MAGNESIUM OXIDE BOARD INSULATION AND CONSTRUCTION PANEL, 20160118-18MM







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APPENDIX 3

SUPPLEMENTAL EMISSIONS INFORMATION

The table below represents the chemical emissions identified in the "NevPanel® Magnesium Oxide Board Insulation and Construction Panel, 20160118-18mm" sample found on certain regulatory lists. This addendum only provides a statement regarding possible health effects associated with this compound and not the relative risks of exposure. Proper interpretation of the risks associated with exposure to a given regulated compound requires a more detailed evaluation of toxicological activity. You may be required to submit this information for certain purchasing programs. You may also use this information to assist in further product development efforts.

		✓() = FOUND IN LISTING (CLASS)							
CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND	CAL PROP. 65	NTP	IARC	CAL AIR TOXICS	CREL	TLV		
75-07-0	Acetaldehyde	√(1)	√(2B)	√(2B)	√(IIA)	✓	✓		
5989-27-5	D-Limonene			√(3)					
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	√(1)	√(2A)	√(1)	√(IIA)	\checkmark	✓		
110-62-3	Pentanal						✓		
80-56-8	Pinene, α (2,6,6- Trimethyl- bicyclo[3.1.1]hept-2- ene)						✓		
108-88-3	Toluene (Methylbenzene) [†]	√(2)		√(3)	√(IIA)	✓	✓		
98-51-1	Toluene, 4-t-butyl (Benzene,1-(1,1- dimethylethyl)-4-methyl)						√		

[†]Denotes quantified using multipoint authentic standard curve

CAL Prop. 65: California Health and Welfare Agency, Proposition 65 Chemicals

1 = known to cause cancer 2 = known to cause reproductive toxicity

NTP: National Toxicology Program

2A = known to be carcinogenic to humans

2B = reasonably anticipated to be carcinogenic to humans

IARC: International Agency on Research of Cancer

1 = carcinogenic to humans 2A = probably carcinogenic to humans 2B = possibly carcinogenic to humans 3 = unclassifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans 4 = probably not carcinogenic to humans

California Air Toxics

- Substances identified as Toxic Air Contaminants, known to be emitted in California, with a full set of health values reviewed by the Scientific Review Panel.
- IIA = Substances identified as Toxic Air Contaminants, known to be emitted in California, with one or more health values under development by the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment for review by the Scientific Review Panel.
- IIB = Substances NÓT identified as Toxic Air Contaminants, known to be emitted in California, with one or more health values under development by the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment for review by the Scientific Review Panel.
- Substances known to be emitted in California and are NOMINATED for development of health values or additional health values. IVA = Substance identified as Toxic Air Contaminants, known to be emitted in California and are TO BE EVALUATED for entry into
- Category III. IVBA =Substance NOT identified as Toxic Air Contaminants, known to be emitted in California and are TO BE EVALUATED for entry
- into Category III. Substance identified as Toxic Air Contaminants, and NOT KNOWN TO BE EMITTED from stationary source facilities in California based on information from the AB 2588 Air Toxic "Hot Spots" Program and the California Toxic Release Inventory
- Substances identified as Toxic Air Contaminants, NOT KNOWN TO BE EMITTED from stationary source facilities in California, and are active ingredients in pesticides in California.
- CREL: California Office of Environmental Health's Hazard Assessment (OEHHA), Chronic Reference Exposure Levels √ = Found in Listing
- ACGIH TLV American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents. √ = Found in Listing.





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APPENDIX 4

GREENGUARD GOLD SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT FOR GREENGUARD CERTIFICATION

PREPARED FOR: NEVPANEL YAPI MADEN URETIM ITH.IHR.SAN. VE TIC.LTD

PRODUCT: 90732-A0050AA; GENERAL CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS; MAGNESIUM OXIDE BOARDS - 01; NEVPANEL® MAGNESIUM OXIDE **BOARD INSULATION AND CONSTRUCTION PANEL, 20160118-18MM**

COMPLIANCE WITH GREENGUARD GOLD STANDARD

GREENGUA	RD Gold	Predicted Co	Product Compliance		
Acceptable IA	AQ Criteria	Office	Classroom	for IAQ	
TVOC	≤ 0.22 mg/m³	0.088 mg/m ³	0.027 mg/m ³	Yes	
Formaldehyde	≤ 0.0073 ppm	< 0.003 ppm	< 0.001 ppm	Yes	
Total Aldehydes	≤ 0.043 ppm	0.014 ppm 0.004 ppm		Yes	
1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidinone	≤ 0.16 mg/m³	< 0.003 mg/m³ < 0.001 mg/m³		Yes	
Individual VOCs	≤ 1/100 TLV and ≤ ½ chronic REL	See Below			

Results at 168 hours based on testing per CDPH/EHLB/Standard Method V1.1.

TOP TEN MOST ABUNDANT IDENTIFIED VOCS, INCLUDING ALDEHYDES

CAS Number	Chemical	168 Hour Chamber Concentration	168 Hour Emission Factor	Predicted Concentration** (µg/m³)	
		(μg/m³)	(µg/m²•hr)	Office	Classroom
100-52-7	Benzaldehyde [‡]	14.9	16.0	26	8
66-25-1	Hexanal [‡]	10.1	10.8	17	5
30021-74-0	Naphthalene, 1,2,3,4,4a,5,6,8a-octahydro-7-methyl-4-methylene-1-(1-methylethyl)-, $(1\alpha,4a\alpha,8a\alpha)^*$	5.2	5.6	9	3
475-20-7	Longifolene	5.1	5.5	9	3
150320-52-8	Bicyclo[4.4.0]dec-1-ene, 2-isopropyl-5- methyl-9-methylene-*	4.5	4.8	8	2
98-55-5	3-Cyclohexene-1-methanol, α , α ,4-trimethyl	3.7	4.0	6	2
75-07-0	Acetaldehyde [‡]	3.7	4.0	6	2
464-49-3	Bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one, 1,7,7- trimethyl-, (1R)*	2.5	2.7	4	1
1196-01-6	Bicyclo[3.1.1]hept-3-en-2-one, 4,6,6- trimethyl-, (1S)-*	2.4	2.6	4	1
629-62-9	Pentadecane	2.3	2.5	4	1

Appendix 4 - Page 1 of 2



^{*}Office model based on a standard wall usage of 33.4 m² in a 30.6 m³ room with 0.68 ACH. Classroom model based on a standard wall usage of 94.6 m² in a 231 m³ classroom with 0.82 ACH. Both models are based on CDPH/EHLB/Standard Method V1.1.



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CAS Number	Chemical	168 Hour Chamber Concentration	168 Hour Emission Factor	Predicted Concentration** (μg/m³)		
		(μg/m³)	(µg/m²∙hr)	Office	Classroom	
80-56-8	Pinene, α (2,6,6-Trimethylbicyclo[3.1.1]hept-2-ene)	2.3	2.5	4	1	

Results at 168 hours based on testing per CDPH/EHLB/Standard Method V1.1.

CHEMICALS OF CONCERN WITH EXISTING TLV, CREL **CA PROP 65 OR CAL TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANT VALUES**

CAS	Chemical	168 Hour Chamber Concentration (µg/m³)	168 Hour Emission Factor (μg/m²•hr)	Predicted Concentration* (μg/m³)		✓ INDICATES PRESENCE ON LIST			
Number				Office	Classroom	CA PROP 65	CA TAC	CA CREL	ACGIH TLV
75-07-0	Acetaldehyde [‡]	3.7	4.0	6	2	√(1)	√(IIA)	✓	✓
80-56-8	Pinene, α (2,6,6- Trimethyl- bicyclo[3.1.1]hept- 2-ene)	2.3	2.5	4	1				√

Results at 168 hours based on testing per CDPH/EHLB/Standard Method V1.1.

COMPARISON OF CHEMICALS FOUND WITH EXISTING TLV AND/OR CHRONIC REL

CAS	Chemical	1/100 TLV ^a (µg/m³)	½ CA Chronic	Predicted Co	Product	
Number	Official		REL ^b (μg/m³)	Office	Classroom	Compliance
75-07-0	Acetaldehyde	450	70	6	2	Yes
80-56-8	Pinene, α (2,6,6-Trimethylbicyclo[3.1.1]hept-2-ene)	1,100		4	1	Yes

^aAmerican Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents. Cincinnati, OH: ACGIH, 2012.



Appendix 4 - Page 2 of 2

[†]Denotes quantified using multipoint authentic standard curve. Other VOCs quantified relative to toluene.

[†]Indicates compound identified and quantified by DNPH derivitization and HPLC/UV analysis with multipoint authentic standard.

^{*}Identification based on NIST mass spectral database only.

^{**}Office model based on a standard wall usage of 33.4 m² in a 30.6 m³ room with 0.68 ACH. Classroom model based on a standard wall usage of 94.6 m² in a 231 m³ classroom with 0.82 ACH. Both models are based on CDPH/EHLB/Standard Method V1.1.

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bhttp://www.oehha.ca.gov/air/allrels.html - Chronic Reference Exposure Levels (CRELs) Adopted by the State of California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA), February 2012.

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